1 HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOLUTION NO.65 2 (By Delegates Williams, Moye, Butcher, Campbell, D., Craig, 3 Ferro, Hatfield, Longstreth, Manchin, Manypenny, Marshall, Moore, Pethtel, Pino, Poling, D., Stephens, Rowan, Duke, Hamilton, 4 5 Howell, Sigler, Snuffer and Sumner) 6 7 8 9 10 Requesting the Joint Committee on Government and Finance study the 11 state's in-home direct care workforce in an effort to improve 12 the quality and quantity of available in-home direct care 1.3 workers to ensure a trained and competent workforce exists to 14 care for the state's growing aged population. 15 WHEREAS, Currently 15.8% of West Virginians are age 65 or 16 older and this number will rise to 24.8% by 2030; and WHEREAS, In-home direct care workers are often the primary 17 18 providers of in-home long-term support and services for older West 19 Virginians, who wish to spend their later years in their own homes; 20 and 21 WHEREAS, A large portion of in-home direct care workers are

25 WHEREAS, In-home direct care workers provide a range of basic

24 Alzheimer In-Home Respite (FAIR) program; and

22 employed through publicly funded programs such as the Medicaid Aged

23 and Disabled Waiver Program, the Lighthouse Program and the Family

- 1 but vital support services including grooming, meal preparation,
- 2 bathing, housekeeping, laundry and dressing that often allow older
- 3 West Virginians to remain in their homes as they age and avoid more
- 4 costly institutional care; and
- 5 WHEREAS, Due to contributing factors such as job stress, lack
- 6 of training, low wages and meager benefits, turnover rates for in-
- 7 home direct care workers are high and costly and affect the overall
- 8 consistency of support provided to older West Virginians; and
- 9 WHEREAS, Many in-home direct care workers earn minimum wage
- 10 and rely on the same federal and state public assistant programs as
- 11 the individuals for whom they provide care; and
- 12 WHEREAS, No standard training program exists across West
- 13 Virginia for in-home direct care workers; and
- 14 WHEREAS, No mechanism exists in West Virginia to
- 15 comprehensively track the in-home direct care workforce; and
- 16 WHEREAS, The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services, in a
- 17 2009 publication, urged states to expand data collection on public
- 18 long-term care programs to include the tracking and monitoring of
- 19 key direct care services workforce to help inform policy and
- 20 program development; and
- 21 WHEREAS, Employers of in-home direct care workers could
- 22 benefit from being able to consult a database with background
- 23 information on current and prospective employees to ensure the
- 24 safety of the vulnerable population they serve; and
- 25 WHEREAS, In order to ensure the development of a quality,

- 1 trained in-home direct care workforce, a broad group of
- 2 stakeholders must come together to study the issues and pursue
- 3 strategies for improvement; and therefore be it
- 4 Resolved by the Legislature of West Virginia:
- 5 That the Joint Committee on Government and Finance is hereby
- 6 requested to conduct a study on the state's in-home direct care
- 7 workforce; approaches used for in-home care and community care
- 8 workforce development in surrounding states; Allied health care;
- 9 potential education pathways, including the development of training
- 10 programs at vocational schools, community and technical colleges
- 11 and advanced education and degrees, and explore the creation of a
- 12 database managed by the Bureau for Senior Services that details
- 13 qualifications and experience of in-home care workers in an effort
- 14 to improve the quality and quantity of available in-home direct
- 15 care workers to ensure a trained and competent workforce exists to
- 16 care for the state's growing aged population; and, be it
- 17 Further Resolved, That the Joint Committee on Government and
- 18 Finance report to the Legislature, on the first day of the regular
- 19 session, 2012 on its findings, conclusions and recommendations
- 20 together with drafts of any legislation to effectuate its
- 21 recommendations; and, be it
- 22 Further Resolved, That the expenses necessary to conduct this
- 23 study, to prepare a report and to draft necessary legislation be
- 24 paid from legislative appropriations to the Joint Committee on
- 25 Government and Finance.